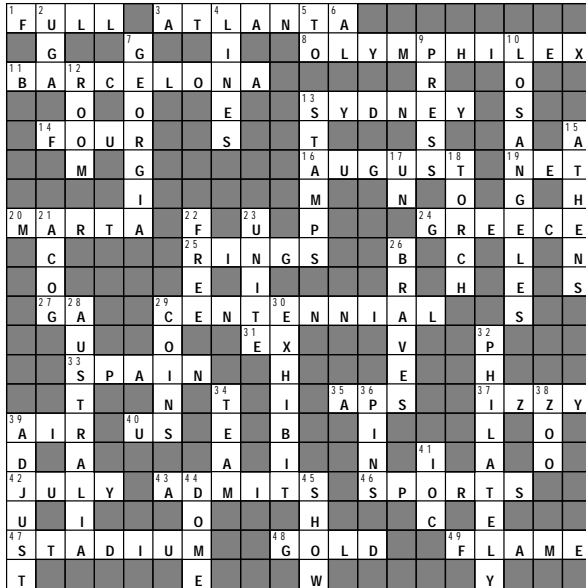


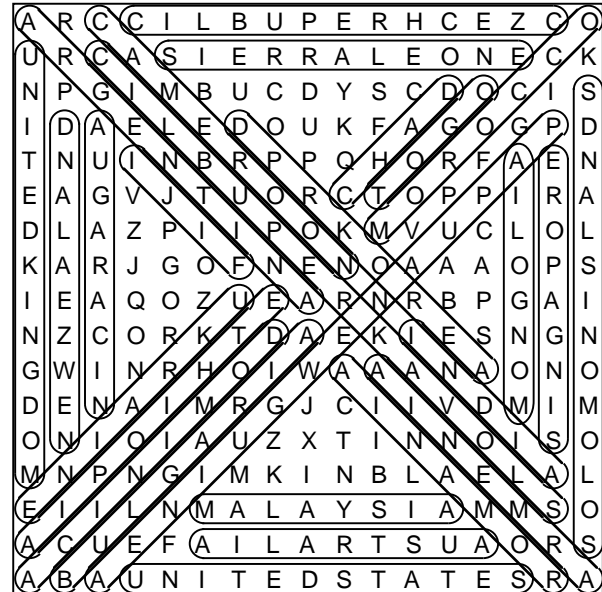
# Key to Handouts and Questions

(Lesson 1, pp. 3-6)

## OLYMPHILEX Crossword Puzzle



## OLYMPHILEX Word Search



## Word Jumble

REYTUK	TURKEY	ULAAP	PALAU	TAGUPROL	PORTUGAL
NAOLAG	ANGOLA	EAKNY	KENYA	SATAURI	AUSTRIA
LIEARS	ISRAEL	ANGHA	GHANA	CEGERE	GREECE
ACNAAD	CANADA	TAYIL	ITALY	LODPAN	POLAND
BAIZMA	ZAMBIA	AROKE	KOREA	GUNADA	UGANDA

## Lesson 2 (page 6)

- Check an atlas to find the location of each country.
- Ski jumping will not be part of the 1996 Summer Olympics.
- The first stamp is from Bulgaria, which uses the Cyrillic alphabet. The second stamp is from Greece, which uses the Greek alphabet. The third stamp is from Poland, which uses the Roman alphabet.
- The lists could be used as a checklist to find which are in the United Nations, to find which countries/dependencies have issued Olympic stamps, to keep a medal count by nation, and to compare with the list of countries participating in the 2000 Olympics. The lists could also be used with Handout C to label the countries of the world.

## Lesson 3 (page 11)

- Check an atlas to find the location of each geographic continent.
- Check your line with the location of each continent as shown in an atlas.
- a. North America, America; b. South America, America; c. Africa, Africa; d. Europe, Europe; Australia, Australia; Antarctica, not recognized for international sport competition; Asia, Asia.
- Of the countries represented on Handout F, the U.S. has the northernmost latitude, while Argentina has the southernmost.
- The U.S., Liberia, Monaco, and Korea are north of the Equator, while Argentina, Australia, and Australian Antarctic Territory are south of the Equator.

### Lesson 3 (cont.)

6. Australia
7. Because of the intense cold, there are no permanent residents of Antarctica.
8. Russia

### Lesson 4 (page 14)

1. (*Definitions*) While both involve a group of stamps, a stamp accumulation is unorganized; a collection of stamps is classified, sorted, and organized in some manner. (*Characteristics*) Both usually involve a large number of different stamps collected over time. Also, many stamps in a collection originally were part of an accumulation. Stamps can be bought, sold, or traded as either an accumulation or collection. In contrast to stamp collections, accumulations are usually unorganized, unclassified, and unmounted. Collections tend to be found in albums or mounted on exhibit pages, and accumulations are usually found in boxes. (*Advantages and disadvantages*) Stamp accumulations are one of the cheapest ways to obtain stamps. Also, you don't have to have albums, mounts, or other philatelic supplies to maintain an accumulation—all you need is a box. However, accumulations tend to have many more duplicates and missing stamps than collections. Stamp collections also are much easier to show to others. When mounted, stamp collections allow you to include information about each stamp. Because a collection of stamps has been classified, it allows you to easily determine which stamps you have and which you still need. Also, stamp collections tend to be more valuable—and easier to sell—than stamp accumulations.

2. Ways baseball cards can be sorted include: player, team, position played, award winners (Baseball Hall of Fame, Cy Young, etc.), card manufacturer, age of card, card condition, printing errors, card value, etc.

### Lesson 5 (page 16)

#### **Definition**

Commemorative stamp: a special stamp that honors the memory of a person, thing, or event—often on a major anniversary or birthday of the subject being honored.

Definitive stamp: a regular stamp printed in large quantities for use as postage.

#### **Purpose**

Commemorative stamp: to commemorate, or honor, some person, thing or event.

Definitive stamp: to be used for postage.

#### **Availability**

Commemorative stamp: for a short period of time at most—but not all—post offices; usually one printing.

Definitive stamp: for a long period of time at most post offices; reprinted as necessary.

#### **Denominations**

Commemorative stamp: usually the first-class postage rate.

Definitive stamp: various denominations needed for different categories and rates of postage

#### **Size**

Commemorative stamp: usually rectangular in shape and larger than definitive stamps.

Definitive stamp: usually smaller and more in shape of a square than commemorative stamps.

### Handout H (page 20)

Row A:	a. CTO	b. mint	c. used	d. mint
Row B:	a. CTO	b. CTO	c. mint	d. unused
Row C:	a. mint	b. mint	c. mint	d. used
Row D:	a. CTO	b. mint	c. used	d. unused
Row E:	a. CTO	b. mint	c. used	d. used

### *Lesson 8 (page 28)*

1. The *Scott Catalogue* number. 2. Most expensive—#299 VF LH for \$65.00; least expensive is a 3-way tie at \$2.50 each—#548 F-VF NH, #620 VF-XF NH, and #650 VF NH. 3. #296 is marked LH, which means there is a light hinge mark on the gum where a hinge was once applied—thus it qualifies as “unused” rather than MNH. 4. The ad says “Free price list,” which means that the dealer has other stamps for sale besides those mentioned in the ad. 5. The ad indicates “7 day return privilege,” which means you have a week to return any stamp you are not satisfied with. 6. Compare the prices in this ad with those in other ads for the same stamp. Check past issues of various philatelic publications to see if the dealer has been in business for some time. 7. Connecticut. 8. As there is no shipping fee indicated, you would send \$50. If you live in Connecticut, you would need to add sales tax—6% of \$50=\$3.00—for a total of \$53. 9. This dealer accepts MasterCard and Visa credit cards.

### *Lesson 10 (page 34)*

Examples of topical collections of “\_\_\_\_\_ on stamps” based on the stamp shown on p. 34 include: men, blacks, American athletes, track and field, gold medal winners, Olympics, flags, and globes.

There is no single correct answer. Probably there are multiple things in common that each set of stamps in a row or column share. Here are some answers:

Row A: things that can briefly leave the surface of the earth; also, animals

Row B: unusual stamp formats

Row C: types of boats; also, water

Row D: the earth (or globes)

Row E: women (the third stamp shows the head of Queen Elizabeth II in the upper right area of the stamp)

Column 1: Olympic sports; also, Olympic Rings

Column 2: water

Column 3: birds

Column 4: airplanes

The stamp on the left shows a locomotive under full steam, clearly suggesting a fast-moving train. The locomotive on the stamp at the right is large and impressive, but the image doesn't particularly make one immediately think of speed.

### *Handout K (page 36)*

Topical categories involving four or more stamps from the U.S. 1996 pane of Olympic stamps include such subjects as: team sports, individual sports, men's sports, women's sports, outdoor sports, indoor sports, track and field events, sports involving water, sports involving round objects, sports involving things that are thrown, sports where athletes ride in or on something, sports that were part of the ancient Olympic Games, and modern-day sports that have been added to the Olympic Games.

# Olympilex '96 Souvenir Page

*Use this page for applying OLYMPHILEX '96 and 1996 Atlanta Olympic cancellations, as well as for mounting Olympic stamps issued to mark the Summer Games.*